**Problems**

**Future**

**Living organisms**

**Special species**

**Notes**

* **Amazon rain forest home to half of worlds animals**
* **Giant Anteater sniffs out ants with its long, elephant like trunk and eats them**
* **Tears apart ant nests**
* **The climate changes in the Amazon can lead to destruction in the future says Joe**
* **The epiphyte is a kind of plant that lives in the canopy**
* **The plant gets water and nutrients, or food, from the air, not from the soil. Many types of orchids and ferns are epiphytes found in rain forests.**
* **The rainforest is falling apart because people are cutting down the trees for farms**
* **Also demolition workers are making the soil unfertile making farmers move away therefore wasting land for animals in the dirt and for the farmers that just wasted that land**
* **Soy producers have begun to buy up land in the rainforest. Far from stopping them, the government has waved them in.**
* **There are 20 to 30 million cubic meters of wood being produced in the Legal Amazon and almost 50 percent is being sold.**
* **10 developing nations want to know how much the rainforest is worth because people look at it as a place for making money instead of a home for millions of animals.**
* **The Amazon Rain Forest located in South America is equivalent to an area 1/3 of the United States**
* **Decomposers are animals such as earthworms, beetles, fungi, microbes, and others live in the soil and are called decomposers because they help break down the dead animals or plants**
* **More than half of the worlds plant types live in the rain forest**
* **Global warming is the main reason for the danger of the Amazon Rainforest**
* **The Amazonia’s population has grown from 3 million to about 30 million.**
* **There are roads buildings houses and much more being made and they are cutting down parts of the Amazon to build all that**
* **The problems only getting worse**
* **The cutting down of the Amazon is a problem because Amazonia shelters 2/3 of the worlds remaining rainforest and is also home to 20 percent of the worlds fresh river water**